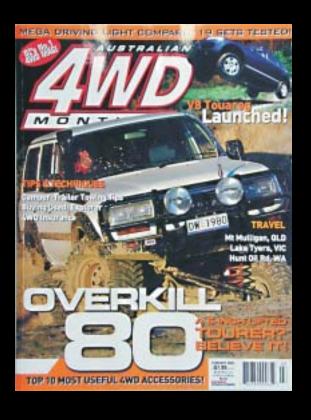
# DRIVING LIGHTIC LIGHTI

"The truth is NOW right here..."





19 of the world's best including Hella, Cibie, KC & Narva go head to head with LIGHTFORCE in the ultimate shootout...

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If you do even a little extra-urban night driving, chances are you've found your fourby's factory headlights to be inadequate for the task. Back in issue 55, we showed you some ways to improve the performance of your standard lights, but if you really want to see where you're going, there's no better way to do it than by fitting a couple of auxiliary driving lights.

There's a couple of reasons why they'll make driving in the dark a safer, more comfortable experience. Factory headlights normally have 55W or 60W bulbs, while most driving lights have between 100W and 130W, producing much more light. Also, factory driving lights are built to fit in with the style and aerodynamic profile of the vehicle, meaning they're usually fairly small in reflector area. Auxiliary lights, however, normally have a much larger reflector area, meaning more illumination.

We figured it was high time we tested a sample of what's on the market, to see what performs where and for how much. In this first part of our test, we chose 20 pairs of lights ranging between \$89 and \$551 in price. All the lights tested this month feature halogen or halogen-based technology. A high-intensity discharge xenon (HID) light comparison will appear in next month's issue.

# WHAT WE DID

The first step was to collect an assortment of lights to test. We contacted distributors and asked them to supply no more than two pairs of lights (to keep the test manageable) per brand, ideally with one light in each pair being a 'spot' (narrow beam) and the other a 'spread' or 'driving' beam (broad beam).

We focussed on larger-model lights to suit 4WDs, and consequently, many manufacturers provided us with a pair of round and a pair of rectangular lights. Most are fitted with 100W bulbs; however, some have 130W bulbs and one has 65W (wattage is listed in the specification box for each light). All the lights featured are 12V, though some manufacturers offer 24V bulbs if required.

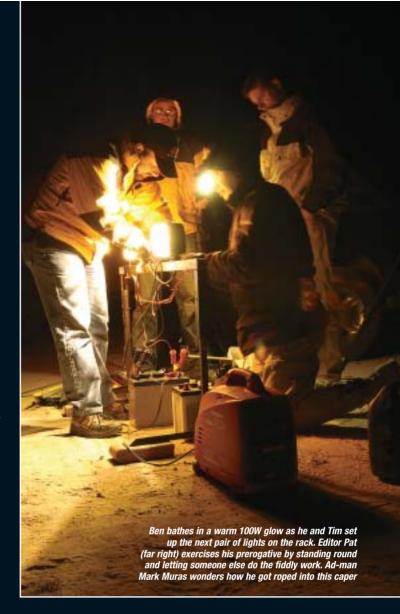
Next, we needed a testing location. We chose a public airstrip with a broad, brown gravel surface on a constant incline. The actual course is about 300m in length, from where the lighting rig was set up, to the large tree in the distance.

Distances were determined by way of a Garmin eTrex handheld GPS. Having settled on a location, we played the waiting game, biding our time in anticipation of a moonless night – that way ambient light levels would be consistent for all lights. The team soon tired of the waiting game and instead opted for Hungry Hungry Hippos.

As with our previous comparison, we enlisted the help of several inflatable kangaroos. I wanted blow-up dinosaurs, but Patski put the kybosh on that idea. They were set up on the sides of the course at 10m, 25m, 50m, and 100m in front of the testing rig.

With the exception of the 10m measurement, points were marked in the middle of the course (ie, directly ahead of the lights) at those exact distances, so that each light would be measured from exactly the same points. For the lateral (10m) measurement, two points were marked out 4m to each side of the rig. Readings were taken at each point, and an average of the two is what you see here.

For accuracy, the positions of the camera tripod and lighting rig were also marked.



#### HOW WE DID IT

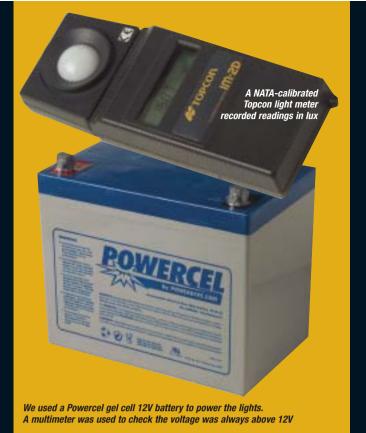
With almost military precision, our fearless five worked through till 4:30am, mounting, checking, photographing, measuring and dismantling each set of lights.

The procedure began with bolting the lights to the rig and wiring them to the battery. This caused a few headaches because most had their own sort of connectors and didn't marry straight up to the quick connectors fitted to the rig.

In the case of a spot/spread combination, the spread beam light was fitted on the left-hand (passenger's) side with the spot on the right-hand (driver's) side. Editor Pat then stepped in to aim each light, for the sake of consistency. At this point, we checked the battery (which was on a constant charge from the inverter) with a multimeter to ensure voltage didn't drop below 12V, which could affect the brightness of the light being tested.

When the team was satisfied they were correctly fitted and aimed, Michael Ellem photographed each pair of lights at identical exposure settings, and with all other light sources switched off. So what you see in the photographs was the only source of lighting present, besides starlight (and the planet Mars if you want to get really pedantic).

With Ellem satisfied, two staff then began the lonely walk up the course, stopping at all the points marked to



record the light output. This was done with a NATA-calibrated Topcon IM-2D light meter that reads in 'lux'. Lux is a measure of light hitting a target (in this case, the sensor of the light meter). To put it in perspective, one lux is about the amount of light you get from a full moon on a clear night.

The light meter was attached to a monopod with the sensor a metre above the ground. The monopod was placed on marked points so that measurements were taken from exactly the same points.

Once all the data had been recorded for each pair of lights, they were dismantled, and the process started over again.

A note on the scores: You can clearly see that most of the numbers were recorded directly in the centre of the light beam. As a consequence, lights with tighter, more focussed beams (such as where both were spots) will record comparatively higher scores than ones with more spread out beams (those with one or two spot lenses). Accordingly, you should treat the scores as general comparative guide, not the be all and end all in this test.

Also, remember that driving lights are normally assisted by your vehicle's ordinary headlights, so take into consideration what sort of beam they produce when comparing the lights tested here.

## THE SHOOTING RANGE

The super-secret testing location used consisted of a stretch of dirt with grass and trees on either side. The range had a constant uphill slope. The kangaroos mark points 10m, 25m, 50m and 100m in front of the camera. The reflector in the distance marks 200m, while the tree in the extreme distance is about 300m away. Measurements were taken 1m off the ground in the centre of the light beam, except for the lateral measurement, which was taken 4m to the left and to the right of the lights, at the 10m mark with an average of the two readings recorded.



# AUTOTECNICA MONZA

**SPECS** 

160mm diameter x 65mm deep Size

2x driving Lens Bulb 100W halogen

Material

**RRP** \$89.98/pair

READINGS Lateral 13.4 51.0 25m 50m 15.4 100m 4.0 200m 0.9 250m 0.4





Found in K-Mart, this was the cheapest light in the comparison but not as bad as we'd expected. The dual spread beam set-up gave good close-range peripheral vision but was hopeless for range. Still, you get what you pay for.



# CIBIE OSCAR SC

SPECS

180mm diameter x 122mm deep Size

2x driving Lens

100W halogen **Bulb** 

Material metal housing, glass lens

**RRP** \$430/pair

READINGS Lateral 46.2 25m 109.8 50m 27.0 100m 10.8 2.5 200m

250m





Spectacular lateral performance from these dedicated spread beams but at the expense of distance illumination. Not cheap, but if you're looking specifically at spread beams, these are the best we tested.



# CIBIE TURINI APOLLO

SPECS

225mm diameter x 145mm deep Size

1x driving, 1x spot Lens 100W halogen Bulb

Material ABS plastic body, glass lens

**RRP** \$450/pair

READINGS Lateral 4.4 25m 83.3 50m 23.1 6.5 100m 200m 1.5 250m 0.7





Very disappointing, really. The Turinis were thumped by the smaller, cheaper Oscar SC in both width and range. Hard to recommend based on these results.



# HELLA RALLYE FF 1000

SPECS

175mm diameter x 109mm deep Size

Lens 1x driving, 1x spot 100W H1 halogen **Bulb** 

Material plastic housing, glass lens

**RRP** \$150/each

READINGS Lateral 8.8

236.0 25m 50m 71.2 100m 18.4

200m 4.6 2.2 250m





Very good all-round performer, combining a broad, usable beam with good long-range punch. Plastic housing makes it feel flimsy compared with metal-bodied Hella lights. Produces good, quality light.



#### HELLA HYDROLUX

#### **SPECS**

Size 185mm diameter x 145mm deep

Lens 1x driving, 1x spot 100W halogen

Material cast alloy housing, magnesium reflector, glass lens

**RRP** \$385/each

# READINGS SEE HELLA RALLYE FF 1000

The HydroLUX is designed for extreme conditions, featuring a multichamber isobaric construction (equalising pressure within the light with the outside pressure) with Gore-Tex membrane. With its cast alloy housing, it's built like the proverbial brick outhouse. Hella claims the light can operate while submerged 1m. Due to time constraints, we weren't able to test the HydroLUX, but given its identical reflector and bulb, performance is comparable with the Rallye FF 1000.



#### HELLA RALLYE FF 4000

#### **SPECS**

Size 222mm diameter x 130mm deep

Lens 1x driving, 1x spot 100W halogen

Material zinc alloy housing, glass lens

RRP \$260/each







The numbers really don't do justice to the Rallye FF 4000. A superb all-rounder, the spot/spread combo gave a broad, very usable beam with excellent distance illumination. With its heavy-duty zinc alloy construction and sturdy mounting system, we highly recommend it.



#### IPF 800 DSCS

#### **SPECS**

**Size** 214 x 124 x 112mm [WxHxD]

Lens 1x driving, 1x spot Bulb 130W H3 halogen

Material steel body, steel reflector, hardened glass lens

**RRP** \$352/pair

#### READINGS

**Lateral** 2.8 **25m** 103.4

**50m** 35.2 **100m** 6.5

200m 1.8 250m 1.0







Very mediocre performance from the 800s, which failed to produce much of a lateral spread or pierce the darkness up the road – surprising, given their large size and 130W bulbs.



#### IPF 900 DSCS

#### SPECS

Size 200mm diameter x 120mm deep

Lens 1x driving, 1x spot 130W H3 halogen

Material steel body, steel reflector, hardened glass lens

RRP \$338/pair

## READINGS

**Lateral** 3.8 **25m** 156.9 **50m** 38.7 **100m** 12.3

**200m** 2.7 **250m** 1.7





IPE

A much better performer than its rectangular stablemates, and cheaper to boot, but still a bit average overall.



#### IPF 740 DDCS SUPER RALLY HIR

#### **SPECS**

Size 200mm diameter x 120mm deep (round)

Lens 1x driving, 1x spot

65W 12V halogen infra-red Bulb

Material Steel body, steel reflector, hardened glass lens

**RRP** \$551/pair



Lateral 2.8 25m 331.0 50m 82.4

24.1 100m 200m 5.9

250m 3.5





A great light, with the second highest average score, Excellent illumination at close range with very good performance over longer distances, all from half the wattage of the other IPF lights. We reckon if you're going to buy an IPF light, they're worth the extra dollars.



#### KC HILITES 69 SERIES LONG RANGE

#### SPECS

Size 219 x 149 x 121mm [WxHxD] Lens

1x driving, 1x spot 100W H3 halogen Bulb

Material steel housing, glass lens

**RRP** \$175/each

## READINGS

Lateral 4.5 25m 205.0 50m 55.9 100m 14.0 200m

3.5 250m 2.0





A good performer all round. Decent lateral spread combined with above-average distance performance makes the 69 Series an effective light for most applications.



### KC HILITES DAYLIGHTER

#### SPECS

156mm diameter x 127mm deep Size Lens

1x driving, 1x spot Bulb 130W halogen

steel housing, glass lens Material

**RRP** \$175/each

#### READINGS Lateral 3.1

25m 98.1 26.9 50m 7.2 100m 200m 1.8 250m 0.9





So retro it almost hurts! Sadly, the Daylighter's performance seems to hark back a few decades to match its styling. With average lateral illumination and a distinct lack of punch over a long distance, it finished near the bottom of the field.



## LIGHTFORCE 170 STRIKER

#### SPECS

Size 168mm diameter x 151mm deep

Lens 2x spot (as tested)

Bulb 100W Xenophot halogen

polycarbonate body, Lexcen lens Material RRP

\$359/pair

# READINGS

Lateral 2.6 25m 302.0 50m 80.0 100m 22.7

200m 5.3 250m 3.0





The 170s were tested with two clear (spot) covers fitted, but with the left-hand-side light focussed to give a spread beam. Typical LIGHTFORCE performance with unmatched long-distance illumination in the medium-sized class, but only average lateral performance. Glare



### LIGHTFORCE 240 XGT

**SPECS** 

Size 247mm diameter x 170mm deep

2x spot (as tested) Lens Bulb 100W Xenophot halogen

Material polycarbonate body, Lexcen lens

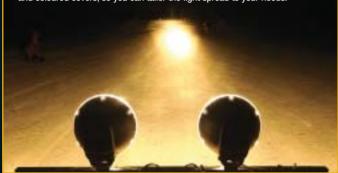
**RRP** \$247.50/each

READINGS Lateral 2.9 646.0 25m 176.0 50m 100m 52.3 200m 13.0 250m 6.2





For straight-line illumination, nothing came close to LIGHTFORCE's new 240 Xenon Grande Turismo – the XGT produced a concentrated beam that nearly scorched the grass. It has the added flexibility of optional spread, combination and coloured covers, so you can tailor the light spread to your needs.



# NANE 7700 SERIES

SPECS

**RRP** 

215 x 145 x 160mm [WxHxD] Size

1x driving, 1x spot Lens 100W halogen Bulb Material steel body, glass lens

\$230/pair

READINGS Lateral 3.3 25m 112.3 50m 32.0

100m 6.1 200m 1.7 250m 1.0





Disappointing when compared with the 7100 Series. The beam was narrower and produced significantly less lux on all but the lateral measurement. At least pricing is still pretty sharp.



### NANE 7100 SERIES

SPECS

Size 225mm diameter x 140mm deep

1x driving, 1x spot Lens 100W halogen **Bulb** steel body, glass lens Material

**RRP** \$199/pair

READINGS Lateral 2.9 176.3 25m 50m 47.2 100m 12.0 200m 3.0 250m 1.8





A better-than-average light. Good spread, particularly in the middle distance, and good long-distance illumination. Well priced at only \$199 a pair.



## NARVA ULTIMA 175

SPECS

180mm diameter x 90mm deep Size Lens 1x driving, 1x spot

100W halogen H3 **Bulb** 

Material ABS impact-resistant plastic, glass lens

**RRP** \$178/pair

READINGS Lateral 2.9 25m 214.0 50m 46.1 100m 16.3 200m 3.7 2.3 250m





Good performer, especially for a smaller light. Fiddly mounting system and glare from clear covers detracted from result. Very good value for money.



#### NARVA TARGA 240

#### SPECS

245 x 130 x 90mm [WxHxD] Size

1x driving, 1x spot Lens **Bulb** 100W halogen H3

Material ABS impact-resistant plastic, glass lens

**RRP** \$148.50/each

#### READINGS

Lateral 7.1 149.1 25m 50m 37.8 100m 9.9 200m 2.4 250m 1.5





Good spread and lots of illumination directly in front of the 'vehicle', but fell away over longer distances. Quite a lot of glare from clear plastic covers.



# NITESTALKER 170 SERIES

**SPECS** 

170mm diameter x 108mm deep Size

Lens 1x driving, 1x spot **Bulb** 100W halogen

metal housing, glass lens Material **RRP** \$139/pair

READINGS Lateral 4.0 293.0 25m 50m 73.7 22.0 100m 200m 5.4 250m 2.9





A real giant-killer. Despite its smaller size and bargain-basement price, the 170 Series out-scored all but three of the lights tested. Quite a concentrated beam with especially good long-range performance. Rated best value for money.



# NITESTALKER 215 SERIES

## SPECS

215 x 145 x 170mm [WxHxD] Size

1x driving, 1x spot Lens **Bulb** 100W halogen

Material metal housing, glass lens

**RRP** \$210/pair

# READINGS

Lateral 3.2 252.0 25m 50m 64.9 16.7 100m 200m 4.4 250m





# NIGHT VISION

#### **SPECS**

180mm diameter Size Lens

2x spot Bulb 100W halogen

Material steel body, rubber mounting

**RRP** \$149/pair

READINGS Lateral 3.3 25m 145.6 50m 38.9 100m 13.0

200m 3.2 250m 1.8





A very good light, even if it is overshadowed (pun intended) by the 170 Series. Better illumination than the 170 at very close range, although the beam narrowed over the longer distance.





# BEST HALOGEN LIGHT - LIGHTFORCE 240 XGT

The Xenon Grande Turismo is a cannon among pistols when it comes to halogen driving lights. It simply made everything else in the test look dim by comparison.

As with all the LIGHTFORCE range, it has the added flexibility of swappable covers, offering spread and combination beams, as well as coloured filters.

The other major feature of the XGT is its Gore-Tex membrane (see inset), which allows air in and out to equalise pressure inside the light, while preventing water and dust ingress, making the light waterproof to a claimed 1m depth. The polycarbonate housing and Lexcen lens mean it's both light and very strong, too.



# RUNNER-UP - HELLA RALLYE FF 4000

In many ways, the Rallye 4000 is the conceptual opposite to the LIGHTFORCE XGT.

Constructed from zinc alloy, it feels heavy and very strong. Glass lenses give a fixed spot/spread combination. In operation, it offers a wonderfully broad, deep, high-quality beam with no dim spots or 'holes', rather than going for maximum range honours as the XGT does.

It really reflects its forestracing heritage, where being able to see everything clearly in a wide field of vision is crucial to not becoming one with the scenery. Its more compact dimensions means it can be mounted in places where the XGT simply won't fit.

In this case, it is the quality of light produced, rather than outright quantity, that earns it the runner-up spot.



# BEST BUDGET CHOICE -NITESTALKER 170 SERIES

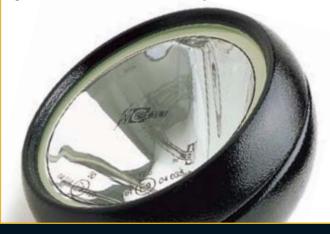
ke the Narva a LIGHTFORCE 170 verything besides the IPF TFORCE lights. The beam was w side, but was still broad enough to b For a \$139, you can't go wrong!



# NOTABLE MENTION -CIBIE OSCAR SC

The Oscar SC gets a mention for offering such a broad, even beam that lit up objects that were as good as invisible to every other light tested. It averaged 46.2 lux on the lateral measurement, while the next closest light only managed 13.4 and the majority scored between 2.8 and 4 lux.

What was more impressive was how they out-scored the larger, spot/spread Turini Apollo even at 250m away. If you find yourself driving tight winding roads, or where animals venture into your path, the Oscar SC will give you more immediate warning than a narrowerbeamed light, while still giving you a reasonable preview of what lies 30 seconds in your future.



AVERAGE LIGHT READINGS (LUX)	
1. LIGHTFORCE 240 XGT149.4	4
2. IPF 740 DDCS HIR	0
3. LIGHTFORCE 170 Striker69.3	3
4. Nitestalker 170 Series	8
5. Hella Rallye FF 400066.	6
6. Nitestalker 215 Series57.3	
7. Hella Rallye FF 100056.	9
=8. KC HiLiTES 69 Series47.	5
=8. Narva Ultima 17547.	5
10. Nane 7100 Series40.	5
11. IPF 900 DSCS36.	0
12. Narva Targa34.	6
13. Nightvision 18034.5	3
14. Cibie Oscar SC	0
15. Nane 7700 Series26.	1
16. IPF 800 DSCS25.	1
17. KC HiLiTES Daylighter23.	0
18. Cibie Turini Apollo19.	9
19. Autotecnica Monza	2





# CONCLUSION

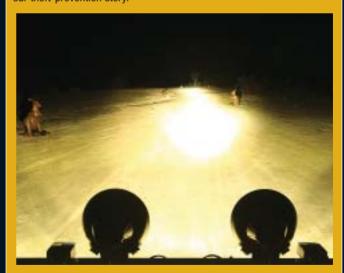
Every one of the lights tested will significantly improve your night-time visibility and, accordingly, safety. No light was perfect, and it was obvious that performance in a particular aspect (for example, long distance) is usually at the expense of another aspect.

Whereas some of our previous tests (such as our recent snatch strap test) have been rated on a pass/fail basis, here we have tried to make an objective evaluation of how each light performs in comparison to the others tested.

What light you choose to buy is a subjective judgment based on factors such as your budget, the type of beam you need, size and weight considerations, and personal preference. Look at the results in that context – don't think of it as 'what is the best light?', but rather 'what is the best light for me?'.

#### THANK YOU

Next month, we let the big bangers out to play, as five sets of superbright xenon HID lights scorch the earth. Plus, we dunk two 'waterproof' lights and show you how to stop lowlifes from pinching your lights in our theft-prevention story.



#### THANK YOU

A big thankyou goes out to staffers Tim Scott, Mark Muras, Pat Callinan and uber-snapper Michael Ellem for standing out in the freezing cold all night to conduct the test. Their efforts ensured testing progressed as smoothly and accurately as possible.

Also to Slav Stefanuik and Scott from 4WD Warehouse at Kings Park, for supplying the stand the lights were all mounted to, as well as fashioning a connector to hook our Honda generator up to the battery used.